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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|
| 10/673,690 | 09/29/2003 | Alexander Chee | 60085.0002US01 | 1298 |
| 75 | 90 07/07/2004 | | EXAM | INER |
| | ng & Martin LLP | | NGUYEN, PH | UONGCHI T |
| 1600 Atlanta Fi 3343 Peachtree | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| Atlanta, GA 30326-1044 | | | 2833 | ······································ |

DATE MAILED: 07/07/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | 10/673,690 | CHEE, ALEXANDER |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Phuongchi Nguyen | 2833 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | pears on the cover she t with the | correspond nce address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the province of the pr | 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron e, cause the application to become ABANDONI | mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | <u>_</u> . | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This | action is non-final. | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowa | nce except for formal matters, pr | osecution as to the merits is |
| closed in accordance with the practice under t | Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4 | 53 O.G. 213. |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra | wn from consideration. | |
| 5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>20 and 21</u> is/are allowed. | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 11-17</u> is/are rejected. | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>8-10,18 and 19</u> is/are objected to. | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | or election requirement. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine | er. | |
| 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | *** | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct | , | • |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | xaminer. Note the attached Oπic | e Action of form P1O-152. |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a | a)-(d) or (f). |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority document | ts have been received. | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority document | ts have been received in Applica | tion No |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior | rity documents have been receiv | ved in this National Stage |
| application from the International Burea | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | of the certified copies not receiv | red. |
| | | |
| Attachment(s) | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) 🔲 Interview Summar | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal | Date Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper, No(s)/Mail Date | 6) Other: | . 4.5.11 / ppilodison (1 1 0 1 02) |
| U.S. Patent and Trademark Office DETOIL 326 (Pays 1 04) | ction Summary | Part of Paner No /Mail Date |
| PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office A | ction Summary | Part of Paper No./Mail Date - |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 5, 6 and 11 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 5, line 1, "the second sealing member" should be changed to -- a third sealing member – (because claim 5 depends on claim 4; and claim 4 already has a second sealing member).

Claim 6, lines 3-4, it is unclear of the relationship of the first diameter and any other diameters such as d1, d2 arranged in the claimed.

Claim 11, line 9, "the interior space" lacks proper antecedent basis.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-7 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holland et al (US6217383B1) in view of Langham et al (US6210222B1).

In regarding to claim 1, Holland et al discloses (attachment 1) a fitting member for connecting a coaxial cable having an electrically conductive member to a second electrically conductive member, comprising

- a. a connector body (16) having a first end (A), an opposite second end (B), a cylindrical body (of 16) defined between the first end (A) and the second end (B), and
- b. an outer tube (21) having a first end (D) and an opposite second end (E) defining a body (of 21) therebetween and a clamp head (F) inwardly projecting away from the first end (D),

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wherein the body (of 21) has an outer diameter (of 21) and is sized to fit into the first end (A) of the connector body (16) by the second end (E) of the outer tube (21);

- c. an inner tube (35) having a neck portion (36), a first shoulder (H) extending from the neck portion (36), a second shoulder (K) extending from the first shoulder (H) and a sleeve (38) extending from the second shoulder (K) defining a tube body (of 35), wherein the second shoulder (K) has a diameter (d2) sized to engage with the clamp head (F) of the outer tuber (21), and the first shoulder (H) has a diameter (d3) greater than the diameter (d2) of the second shoulder (K) so as to form a first step (M) at the junction of the first shoulder (H) and the second shoulder (K) for limiting the axial motion of the clamp head (F), and the tube body (of 35) has an inner diameter (d0), and is sized to receive a free end of the electrically conductive member (11) of the coaxial cable therethrough; and
- d. a sleeve tube (14) insertable into the connector body (16) for holding the coaxial cable. Holland et al lacks an annular recess. However, Langham et al teaches an annular recess (C11) formed on an outer surface of the cylindrical body (34A) proximate to the second end (B11) (attachment 2). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to modify the outer surface of the cylindrical body of Holland et al by providing an annular recess as taught by Langham et al on the cylindrical body for having ribs to hold the outer connector.

In regarding to claim 2, Holland et al discloses (attachment 1) the fitting member further comprising a connector head (15) having a neck portion (N), a body (of 15) extending from the neck portion (N), and a clamp ring (Q) inwardly projecting away from an inner surface (of body 15) of the body (of 15) at a predetermined position, wherein the clamp ring (Q) is sized to fit to

the first shoulder (H) of the inner tube (35) such that the connector head (15) is rotatable around an axis of the inner tube (35).

In regarding to claim 3, Holland et al discloses (attachment 1) the exterior of the body (of 15) is formed with a plurality of hexagonal surfaces (figure 7).

In regarding to claim 4, Holland et al discloses (attachment 1) the fitting member further comprising a first sealing member (41) and a second sealing member (42), wherein the first sealing member (41) is positioned therebetween the neck portion (36) of the inner tube (35) and an inner surface of the body (of 15) of the connector head (15). Holland et al lacks a second sealing member is positioned therebetween the first shoulder of the inner tube and an inner surface of the body of the connector head. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to place the second sealing member of Holland et al at the location therebetween the first shoulder of the inner tube and an inner surface of the body of the connector head for preventing air or water leaking inside the connector.

In regarding to claim 5, Holland et al discloses the invention, but lacks a third sealing member is positioned therebetween the first end of the outer tube and the clamp ring of the connector head. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to place the third seal member of Holland et al at the location therebetween the first end of the outer tube and the clamp ring of the connector head for preventing air or water leaking inside the connector.

In regarding to claim 6, Holland et al discloses the fitting member wherein each of the first sealing member (41) and the second sealing member (42) comprises an O-ring (column 5, line 23).

In regarding to claim 7, Holland et al discloses the fitting member wherein the connector body (16) has an inner conical portion (P) proximate to the second end (B) and extending toward to the second end (B) from a first diameter (d4) (substantially) at least as great as the outer diameter (d1), of the outer tube (21); the second diameter (d2) substantially corresponding to an outer diameter of the coaxial cable (10) (attachment 1).

4. Claims 11-14 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holliday (US6089913).

In regarding to claim 11, Holliday discloses (attachment 3) a fitting member for connecting a coaxial cable having an electrically conductive member to a second electrically conductive member, comprising

a connector body (22) having a first end (A1), an opposite second end (B1), a cylindrical body (of 22) defined between the first end (A1) and the second end (B1), and an annular bulge (56) outwardly projecting away from an inner surface of the cylindrical body (of 22) and proximate to the first end (A1);

an outer tube (28) having a cylindrical body (40), wherein the cylindrical body (40) has an inner diameter sized to receive a free end of the coaxial cable (100) therein and an outer diameter and is sized to fit into an interior space (C1) defined by the cylindrical body (of 22) of the connector body (22), a neck portion (D1) extending from the cylindrical body (40), and an annular groove (60) formed on an outer surface of the cylindrical body (40) at a predetermined position such that when the outer tube (28) is inserted into the connector body (of 22) from the first end (A1), the bulge (56) is received in and engaged with the groove (60) of the cylindrical body (40) so as to limit the relative axial motion of the connector body (22) and the outer tube (28); and a sleeve tube (108) insertable into the connector body (22) for holding the coaxial cable

(100). Holliday lacks an annular groove formed on an inner surface of the cylindrical body and proximate to the first end. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to rearrange the an annular groove on an outer surface of the cylindrical body of Holliday to be on the inner surface of connector body and an annular bugle on an inner surface of the connector body to be on the outer surface of cylindrical body; since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPO 70.

In regarding to claim 12, Holliday discloses the fitting member further comprising an inner tube (30) having a clamp head (F1), a shoulder (H1) extending from the clamp head (F1) and a sleeve (24) extending from the shoulder (H1) forming a tube body (of 30) for receiving a free end of the electrically conductive member of the coaxial cable (100) therethrough, wherein the shoulder (H1) has a diameter substantially corresponding to an inner diameter of the neck portion (D1) of the outer tube (28) so as to engage with the neck portion (D1) when the inner tube (30) is inserted into the outer tube (28) (attachment 3).

In regarding to claim 13, Holliday discloses the fitting member further (attachment 3) comprising a connector head (20) having a neck portion (60), a body (70) extending from the neck portion (60), and a clamp ring (G1) extending from the body (70), wherein the clamp ring (G1) has a (inner) diameter less than an inner diameter of the body (70) and is sized to fit to the neck portion (D1) of the outer tube (28) such that the connector head (20) is rotatable around an axis of the outer tube (28).

In regarding to claim 14, Holliday discloses the fitting member further (attachment 3 of figure 2) wherein the exterior of the body (70) is formed with a plurality of hexagonal surfaces.

of the coaxial cable (100).

In regarding to claim 17, Holliday discloses the fitting member (figure 2) wherein the connector body comprises an inner conical portion (inclined surface 88) proximate from between the connector body (22) to the second end (B1) and extending toward to the second end (B1) from a first (inner) diameter (of 22) at least as great as the outer diameter (of 28) of the outer tube (28) to a second (inner) diameter (of 108) less than the outer diameter (of 28) of the outer tube (28), the second (inner) diameter (of 108) substantially corresponding to an outer diameter

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5. Claims 15-16, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holliday (US6089913) in view of Holland et al (US6217383B1).

In regarding to claims 15 and 16, Holliday discloses lacks a sealing member position at the clamp head. However, teaches the fitting member further (figure 1) further comprising a sealing member (41) positioned on the clamp head (F) of the inner tube (35) (figures 2-3) and the sealing member (41) comprises an O-ring (column 5, line 23). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to modify the fitting member of Holliday by providing the sealing member on the clamp head of the inner tube as taught by Holland et al for increasing the connection between the connector head and the inner tube.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 6. Claim 20-21 are allowed.
- 7. Claims 8, 9, 10 and 18-19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 8. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

In regarding to claims 8 and 20, none of prior art teaches or suggest the fitting member comprises a flange outwardly projecting away from the junction of the neck portion and the first shoulder, having a diameter greater than either of the diameter of the first shoulder and a diameter of the neck portion to form a second step at the junction of the first shoulder; and a third step at the junction of the flange and the neck portion arranged as claimed.

In regarding to claims 9 and 18, none of prior art teaches or suggest the fitting member comprises a plurality of annular serrations sequentially formed on an inner surface of the sleeve tube.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phuongchi Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2012. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM-4:00PM.

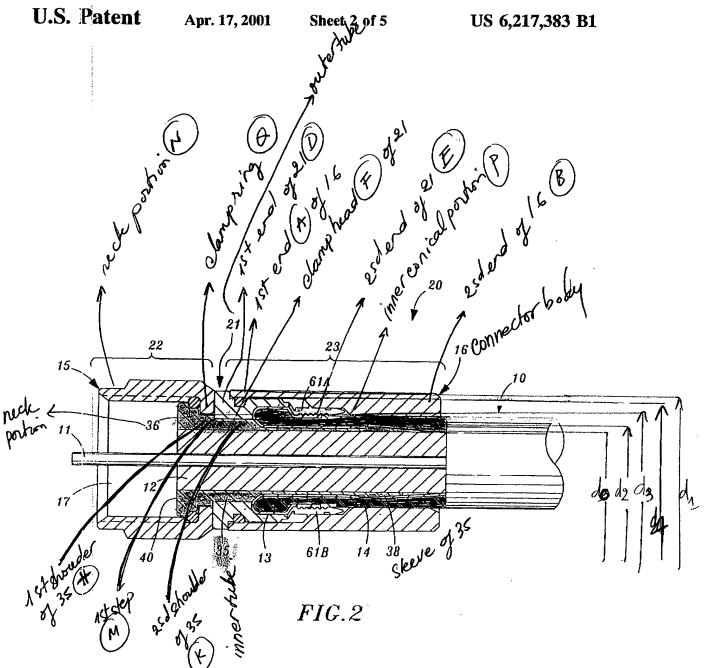
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula Bradley can be reached on (571) 272-2800 ext 33. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PCN

June 29, 2004

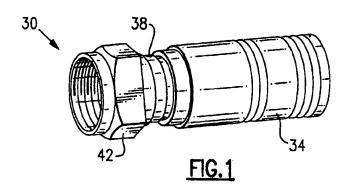
ROSS GUSHI PRIMARY EXAMINER AHaChment 1

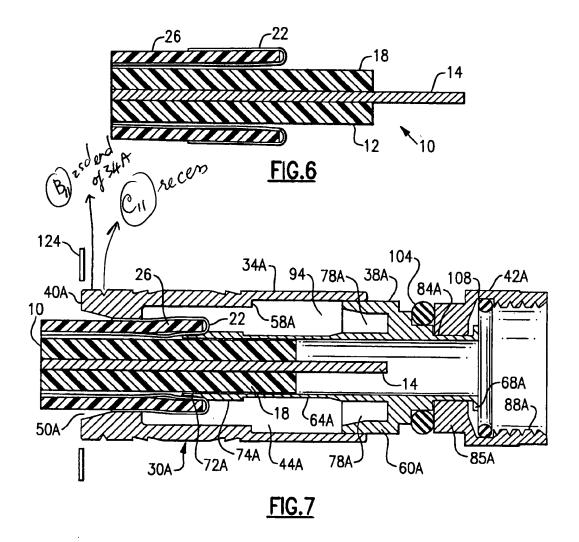


Apr. 3, 2001

Sheet 1 of 7

US 6,210,222 B1





AHaChment 3



United States Patent [19]

Holliday

[51] Int (1)

[11] Patent Number:

6,089,913

[45] Date of Patent:

Jul. 18, 2000

| [54] | END CONNECTOR AND CRIMPING TOOL |
|------|---------------------------------|
| | FOR COAXIAL CABLE |

[76] Inventor: Randall A. Holliday, 11047 Tennyson Pl., Westminster, Colo. 80030

[21] Appl. No.: 09/150,154[22] Filed: Sep. 9, 1998

Related U.S. Application Data

| [53] | Continuation-in-part of application No. 12, 1996, Pat. No. 5,863,220. | o. 08/747,539, | Nov. |
|------|---|----------------|------|
|------|---|----------------|------|

| [.,1] | III. CI | ······ HUIK 9/05 |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| [52] | U.S. Cl | 439/584; 439/462 |
| [:58] | Field of Search | 439/584, 578, |
| | | 430/583 585 300 301 461 460 |

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| | | United Kingdom | |

Primary Examiner—Gary F. Paumen Assistant Examiner—Tho D. Ta Attorney, Agent, or Firm—John E. Reilly

[57] ABSTRACT

A fitting for connecting a coaxial cable to a terminal or to another coaxial cable is made up of a connector body, an outer sleeve extending from one end of the connector body for insertion of an end of the cable, and a crimping member is loosely connected to the outer sleeve and has a tapered annular portion which in response to engagement by a compression tool will undergo axial movement with respect to the outer sleeve member and impart inward radial deformation to the outer sleeve member into sealed engagement with an external surface of the cable. In a modified form for splicing two cables together, the connector body is provided with outer sleeve members at opposite ends into which the ends of the coaxial cables are inserted and crimping members for crimping both of the sleeve members into sealed engagement with each of the respective cables.

